Indian Statistical Institute Midterm Exam. 2023-2024

Measure Theory, M.Math First Year

Time : 3 Hours Date : 15.09.2023 Maximum Marks : 100 Instructor : Jaydeb Sarkar

(i) Answer all questions. (ii) You may freely apply any of the theorems we discussed in class. (iii) m = the Lebesgue measure on \mathbb{R} .

- (1) (15 marks) Give an example of a finite measure space that is not complete. Determine the completion of the measure space.
- (2) (15 marks) Let E be a Lebesgue measurable subset of \mathbb{R} . If $m(E) < \infty$, then prove that

$$m\Big(E\cap[r,\infty)\Big)\longrightarrow 0,$$

as $r \to \infty$.

- (3) (15 marks) Suppose that the function $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is differentiable. Prove that the derivative $f' : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is measurable.
- (4) (15 marks) Let (X, \mathcal{A}) be a measurable space, and let $\{f_n\}_{n\geq 1}$ be a sequence of real-valued measurable functions. Prove that

$${x \in X : {f_n(x)}_{n \ge 1} \text{ is eventually constant}},$$

is a measurable set.

(5) (15 marks) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a Lipschitz function, that is

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \le M|x - y|,$$

for all x and y, where M is a constant independent of x and y. Suppose E is a set of Lebesgue measure zero. Prove that f(E) also has Lebesgue measure zero.

(6) (15 marks) Let (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) be a finite measure space, and let $f : X \to \mathbb{R}$ be a measurable function. Suppose $\epsilon > 0$. Prove that there exists $\alpha > 0$ such that

$$\mu\Big(\{x\in X: |f(x)| > \alpha\}\Big) < \epsilon.$$

(7) (20 marks) Let (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) be a finite measure space, and let \mathcal{D} be a set of disjoint measurable subsets of X. Suppose

$$\mu(D) > 0,$$

for all $D \in \mathcal{D}$. Prove that \mathcal{D} is at most a countable set.